

It is of vital importance, before attempting to operate your engine, to read the general 'SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS AND WARNINGS' in the following section and to strictly adhere to the advice contained therein.

• Also, please study the entire contents of this instruction manual, so as to familiarize yourself with the controls and other features of the engine.

### SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS AND WARNINGS ABOUT YOUR O.S. ENGINE

Remember that your engine is not a "toy", but a highly efficient internal-combustion machine whose power is capable of harming you, or others, if it is misused. As owner, you, alone, are responsible for the safe operation of your engine, so act with discretion and care at all times. If at some future date, your O.S. engine is acquired by another person, we would respectfully request that these instructions are also passed on to its new owner.

■ The advice which follows is grouped under two headings according to the degree of damage or danger which might arise through misuse or neglect.

### ⚠️ WARNINGS

These cover events which might involve serious (in extreme circumstances, even fatal) injury.

### ⚠️ NOTES

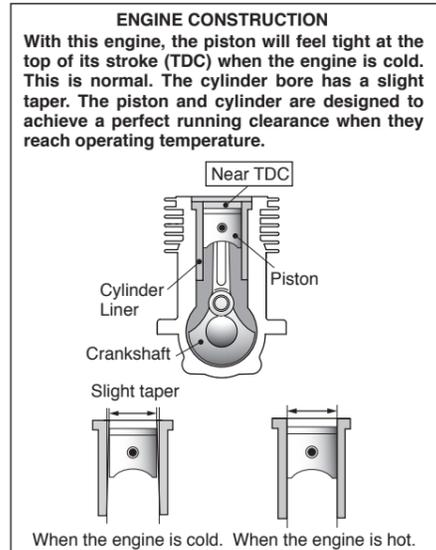
These cover the many other possibilities, generally less obvious sources of danger, but which, under certain circumstances, may also cause damage or injury.

### ⚠️ WARNINGS

Never touch, or allow any object to come into contact with, the rotating propeller and do not crouch over the engine when it is running.

Model engine fuel is poisonous. Do not allow it to come into contact with the eyes or mouth. Always store it in a clearly marked container and out of the reach of children.

Model engine fuel is also highly flammable. Keep it away from open flame, excessive heat, sources of sparks, or anything else which might ignite it. Do not smoke or allow anyone else to smoke, near to it.



### ■ ABOUT THE ENGINE

- MAX-11CZ-A is designed for 10 size scale and sport airplanes.
- The round shape machined aluminum head matches classical airplanes.
- The newly designed 12H carburetor has a slanting needle for safety reason.
- The 871 silencer reduces exhaust noise effectively. You can turn the exhaust pipe of the silencer 360 degrees to change the direction to fit your airplane.

Model engines generate considerable heat. Do not touch any part of your engine until it has cooled. Contact with the muffler (silencer), cylinder head or exhaust header pipe, in particular, may result in a serious burn.



A weakened or loose propeller may disintegrate or be thrown off and, since propeller tip speeds with powerful engines may exceed 600 feet(180 metres) per second, it will be understood that such a failure could result in serious injury, (see 'NOTES' section relating to propeller safety).

Never operate your engine in an enclosed space. Model engines, like automobile engines, exhaust deadly carbon-monoxide. Run your engine only in an open area.

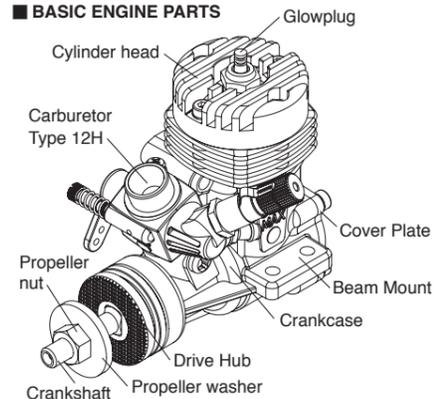
### ⚠️ NOTES

- This engine was designed for model aircraft. Do not attempt to use it for any other purpose.
- Mount the engine in your model securely, following the manufacturers' recommendations, using appropriate screws and locknuts.
- Be sure to use the silencer (muffler) supplied with the engine. Frequent exposure to an open exhaust may eventually impair your hearing. Such noise is also likely to cause annoyance to others over a wide area.
- If you remove the glowplug from the engine and check its condition by connecting the battery leads to it, do not hold the plug with bare fingers. Use an appropriate tool or a folded piece of cloth.
- Install a top-quality propeller of the diameter and pitch specified for the engine and aircraft. Locate the propeller on the shaft so that the curved face of the blades faces forward-i.e. in the direction of flight. Firmly tighten the propeller nut, using the correct size wrench.
- Always check the tightness of the propeller nut and retighten it, if necessary, before restarting the engine. Also, check the tightness of all the screws and nuts before restarting the engine.
- If you install a spinner, make sure that it is a precision made product and that the slots for the propeller blades do not cut into the blade roots and weaken them.

### STANDARD ACCESSORIES

- Glow Plug No.6 (supplied with the engine)
- 871 Silencer Assembly  
Silencer Retaining Screw (M2.6x25 2pcs.)

### ■ BASIC ENGINE PARTS



### ■ INSTALLATION

It is suggested to use as heavy and rigid as possible engine mounting for highest performance and safe running. Install the engine on a plastic mount using at least 3mm steel screws, such as Allen type, with locknuts, for bolting the engine to the bearers.

- Make sure that these mounting beams are accurately aligned and firmly integrated with the airframe, reinforcing the adjacent structure to absorb vibration. Use 4mm or larger steel screws, preferably Allen type hexagon socket head cap screws, with washers and locknuts, for bolting the engine to the bearers.

• Preferably, use an electric starter. The wearing of safety glasses is also strongly recommended.

• Discard any propeller which has become split, cracked, nicked or otherwise rendered unsafe. Never attempt to repair such a propeller: destroy it. Do not modify a propeller in any way, unless you are highly experienced in tuning propellers for specialized competition work such as pylon-racing.

• Take care that the glow plug clip or battery leads do not come into contact with the propeller. Also check the linkage to the throttle arm. A disconnected linkage could also foul the propeller.

• After starting the engine, carry out any needle-valve readjustments from a safe position behind the rotating propeller. Stop the engine before attempting to make other adjustments to the carburetor.

• Adjust the throttle linkage so that the engine stops when the throttle stick and trim lever on the transmitter are fully retarded. Alternatively, the engine may be stopped by cutting off the fuel supply. Never try to stop the engine physically.

• Take care that loose clothing (ties, shirt sleeves, scarves, etc.) do not come into contact with the propeller. Do not carry loose objects (such as pencils, screwdrivers, etc.) in a shirt pocket from where they could fall through the propeller arc.

• Do not start your engine in an area containing loose gravel or sand. The propeller may throw such material in your face and eyes and cause injury.

• For their safety, keep all onlookers (especially small children) well back (at least 20 feet or 6 meters) when preparing your model for flight. If you have to carry the model to the take-off point with the engine running, be especially cautious. Keep the propeller pointed away from you and walk well clear of spectators.

• Warning! Immediately after a glowplug-ignition engine has been run and is still warm, conditions sometimes exist whereby it is just possible for the engine to abruptly restart if the propeller is casually flipped over compression WITHOUT the glowplug battery being reconnected. Remember this if you wish to avoid the risk of a painfully rapped knuckle!

### O.S. Radial Motor Mount

A special O.S. radial motor mount (Code No.71909410) is available, as an optional extra, for use where firewall type mounting is required.

### ■ THROTTLE LINKAGE

Before connecting the throttle to its servo, make sure that the throttle arm and linkage safely clear any adjacent part of the airframe structure, etc., as the throttle is opened and closed. Connect the linkage so that the throttle is fully closed when the transmitter throttle stick and its trim lever are at their lowest settings and fully open when the throttle stick is in its fully-open position. Carefully align the appropriate holes in the throttle arm and servo horn so that they move symmetrically and smoothly through their full travel.

### ■ INSTALLING SILENCER

Secure the silencer to the engine by means of two retaining screws supplied after the engine is securely mounted to a test bench or a model.

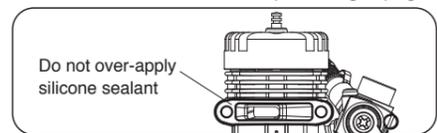
The exhaust outlet of the silencer can be rotated to any desired position in the following manner:

- 1) Loosen the locknut and assembly screw.
- 2) Set the exhaust outlet at the required position by rotating the rear part of the silencer.
- 3) Re-tighten the assembly screw, followed by the locknut.

It is recommended to seal the fitting faces of engine exhaust and silencer with silicone sealant.

### Note on silicone sealant

When applying silicone sealant to the engine's exhaust, do not over apply as the excess sealant may get into the engine's internal parts and possibly foul the glowplug causing the engine to quit or experience abnormal engine operation. If this happens, remove the head, clean out the sealant, and replace the glowplug.



### ■ PROPELLERS

The choice of propeller depends on the design and weight of the aircraft and the type of flying in which you will be engaged. Determine the best size and type after practical experimentation. As a starting point, refer to the props listed in the accompanying table. Slightly larger, or even slightly smaller, props than those shown in the table may be used, but remember that the propeller noise will increase, due to higher rpm or if a larger-diameter/lower-pitched prop is used.

SIZE(DxP)	Running-in	Trainer & Sport
	8x4	7x4, 7x5

### Warning:

Make sure that the propeller is well balanced. An unbalanced propeller and/or spinner can cause serious vibration which may weaken parts of the airframe or affect the safety of the radio-controlled system.

### ■ SPINNER

Since the 11CZ-A is intended to be started with an electric starter, the addition of a spinner assembly for centering the starter sleeve is desirable. Use a heavy-duty, well balanced spinner either of metal or plastic.

### ■ FUEL

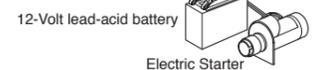
Select, by practical tests, the most suitable fuel from among the best quality fuels available in your country for model use. For the best performance, a fuel containing 5% to 20% nitromethane is preferable. Lubricants may be either castor-oil or a suitable synthetic oil ( or a blend of both ) provided that they are always of top quality. For consistent performance and long engine life, it is essential to use fuel containing AT LEAST 18% lubricant by volume. If, however, the adoption of a different fuel is unavoidable, check the engine for the first few flights on the new fuel, by temporarily reverting to the running-in procedure.

### ■ Fuel Tank

A fuel tank of approximately 70cc capacity is suggested. This allows around 6-7 minutes flying time, dependent upon the type of fuel used, the size of propeller and on the amount of full-throttle to part-throttle operation throughout the flight.

### ■ Electric Starter and Starter Battery

Required when starting the engine.



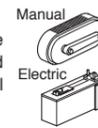
### ■ FUEL TANK LOCATION

- Make sure that the tank is well rinsed out with methanol or glow fuel before installation and that the pickup weight is well clear of the bottom of the tank when held vertically.
- The Fuel line pickup weight should be 10mm away from the back of the tank.

### ■ BEFORE STARTING

#### ● Fuel Pump

Alternatively, one of the purpose-made manual or electric fuel pumps may be used to transfer fuel directly from your fuel container to the fuel tank.



#### ● GlowPlug Igniter

Commercially available handy glowplug heater in which the glowplug battery and battery leads are integrated.



#### ● O.S. Super Filter (Fuel Can Filter)

Install a filter on the outlet tube of your refueling container to prevent entry of foreign matter into fuel tank. O.S. 'Super Filters' (large and small) are available as optional extras.



#### ● O.S. Non-Bubble Weight

To prevent the pickup from adhering to the tank wall under suction and restricting fuel flow, slots may be filed in the end of the weight. Alternatively, O.S. Non-Bubble Weight is available as an optional extra.



#### ● Fuel Filter

It is recommended to install a good in-line filter between the fuel tank and carburetor to prevent entry of foreign matter into the carburetor.

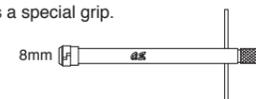


#### ● O.S. SPEED SILICONE FUEL LINE (optional extra)

The connection between the fuel tank and the engine. 2.5mm ID

#### ● Long Socket Wrench With Plug Grip

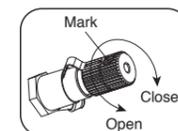
Recommended for easy removal and replacement of the angled and recessed glowplug, the O.S. Long Socket Wrench incorporates a special grip.



### ■ STARTING

Be sure to use an electric starter to start the engine. Starting procedure is as follows:

1. Fill the fuel tank with fuel. When filled, prevent fuel flowing into the carburetor with a commercially available fuel stopper, etc. Release the stopper before starting the engine.
2. Make sure that plug element glows red, and install the plug in the cylinder head.
3. Check that the needle-valve is closed. (Do not overtighten.) Now open the needle-valve counter-clockwise 2.5 to 3 turns to the starting setting.
4. Open the throttle approx. one-third.
5. Apply the starter and press the starter switch for 5-6 seconds to prime the engine.



Turn needle-valve clockwise to close (for leaner mixture)  
Turn needle-valve counter-clockwise to open (for richer mixture)

6. Connect battery leads to glowplug.

7. Bring electric starter into contact with spinner-nut or spinner and depress starter switch for one or two seconds. Repeat if necessary. When the engine starts, withdraw the starter immediately.

### Attention :

Do not choke the carburetor air intake when applying the starter. This could cause an excessive amount of fuel to be drawn into the cylinder which may initiate a hydraulic lock and damage the engine.

### VERY IMPORTANT!

Before being operated at full power (i.e. at full-throttle and with the needle-valve closed to its optimum setting) the engine must be adequately run-in, otherwise there is a danger of it becoming overheated and damaged.

### How to stop the engine

Pull down the throttle lever and trim lever on the transmitter fully.

### Note:

Make sure that the throttle linkage is set so that the throttle is fully closed when the throttle lever as well as trim lever on the transmitter are fully pulled down.

### ■ RUNNING-IN ("Breaking-in")

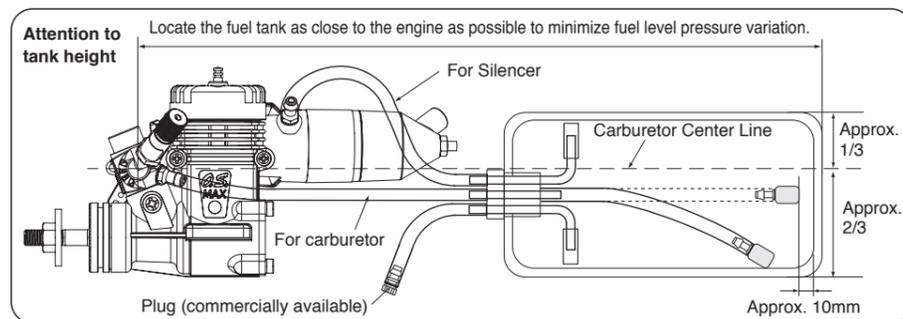
All internal-combustion engines benefit from extra care when they are run for the first few times known as running-in or breaking-in.

This allows the working parts to mate together under load at operating temperature. Therefore, it is vitally important to complete the break-in before allowing the engine to run continuously at high speed and before finalizing carburetor adjustments.

However, because O.S. engines are produced with the aid of the finest modern precision machinery and from the best and most suitable materials, only a short and simple running-in procedure is called for and can be carried out with the engine installed in the model.

The process is as follows.

1. Install the engine with the propeller intended for your model. Open the needle-valve to the advised starting setting and start the engine. If the engine stops when the glow plug battery is disconnected, open the needle-valve to the point where the engine does not stop. Run the engine for one minute with the throttle fully open, but with the needle-valve adjusted for rich, slow "four-cycle" operation.
2. Now close the needle-valve until the engine speeds up to "two-cycle" operation and allow it to run for about 10 seconds, then reopen the needle-valve to bring the engine back to "four-cycle" operation and run it for another 10 seconds. Repeat this procedure until the fuel tank is empty.
3. Re-start and adjust the needle-valve so that the engine just breaks into "two-cycle" from "four-cycle" operation, then make three or four flights, avoiding successive "nose-up" flights.
4. During subsequent flights, the needle-valve can be gradually closed to give more power. However, if the engine shows signs of running too lean, the next flight should be set richer. After a total of ten flights, the engine should run continuously, on its optimum needle-valve setting, without loss of power as it warms up.



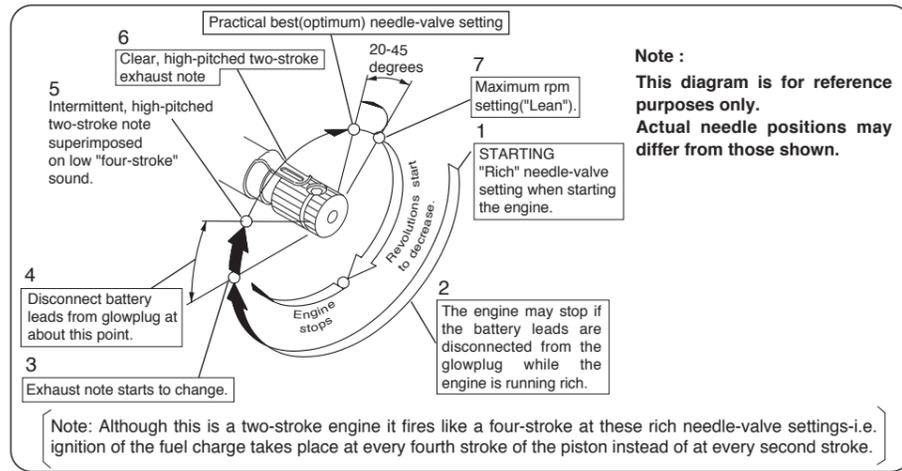
### Optimum needle setting (1)

Slowly advance the throttle to its fully open position, then gradually close the needle-valve until the exhaust note begins to change. (4-cycle to 2-cycle)

### Optimum needle setting (2)

As the needle-valve is closed slowly and gradually, the engine r.p.m. will increase and a continuous high-pitched exhaust note, only, will be heard. Close the needle-valve 10-15 degrees and wait for the change of r.p.m. After the engine r.p.m. increases turn the needle-valve another 10-15 degrees and wait for the next change of r.p.m. As the speed of the engine does not instantly change with needle-valve readjustment, small movements, with pauses between, are necessary to arrive at the optimum setting.

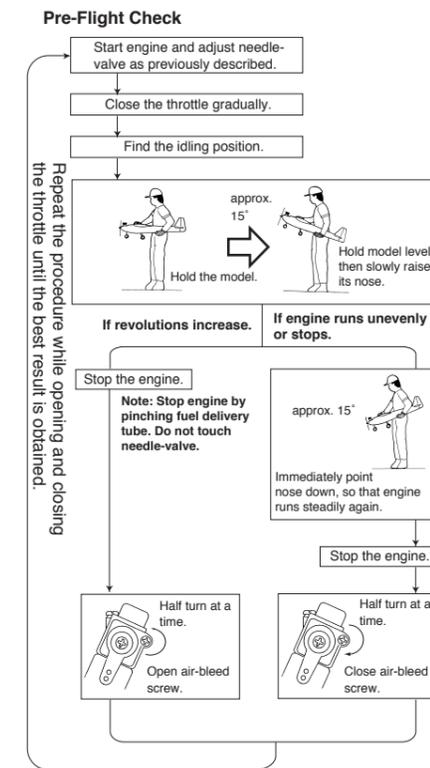
### Needle-valve adjustment diagram



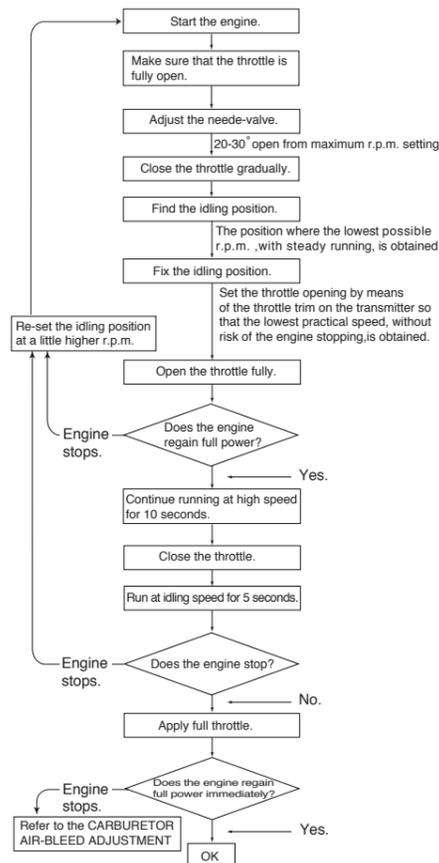
### CARBURETTOR

These engines are equipped with a throttle type carburettor which provides a wide range of engine speed control. With the throttle lever linked to a suitable servo in the model, movement of the throttle control on the transmitter will enable engine r.p.m. to be varied, proportionally, from idling speed to full power. The carburettor of your engine has been factory set for the approximate best results and no adjustment (except to the needle-valve) should be required provided that the fuel tank is correctly located, as previously described. After the engine has been run-in, check the operation of the throttle according to the following chart. Re-adjust the controls only when necessary.

### CARBURETTOR AIR-BLEED ADJUSTMENT



**Attention:** Do not leave the glowplug connected to the battery while adjusting the carburettor throttle.



### CARE AND MAINTENANCE

Please pay attention to the matters described below to ensure that your engine serves you well in regard to performance, reliability and long life.

- As previously mentioned, it is vitally important to avoid operating the engine in conditions where dust, disturbed by the propeller, may be deposited on the engine and enter its working parts.
- Remember to keep your fuel container closed to prevent foreign matter from contaminating the fuel.
- Install a fuel filter to prevent dirt and dust in the fuel container from entering the fuel tank. O.S. Super Filters (L) and (S) are available as optional extras.
- Install an in-line fuel filter between the tank and carburetor to prevent dirt and dust in the tank from entering the carburetor.
- Clean these filters periodically.
- If these precautions are neglected, restriction of fuel flow may cause the engine to cut out, or the fuel/air mixture to become too lean causing the engine to overheat.
- The use of modern high-performance alcohol based model engine fuels, while promoting cooler running, improved anti-detonation combustion and increased power, have the disadvantage of causing corrosion due to the acid by-products of combustion. The use of nitromethane in the fuel can also contribute to the problem.
- Do not close the needlevalve and mixture control valve too far as this will cause a lean setting and over heating of the engine. This can, in turn, create nitromethane oxide leading to internal rusting of the engine. Always adjust the needlevalve slightly on the rich side of peak rpm.

- Do not leave unused fuel in the engine at the conclusion of a day's flying. Accepted practice is to cut off the fuel supply while the engine is still running at full throttle, then expel as much fuel residue as possible by turning the engine over 5-10 seconds with the electric starter. Finally, inject some after-run oil through the glowplug hole and turn the engine over several times by hand.

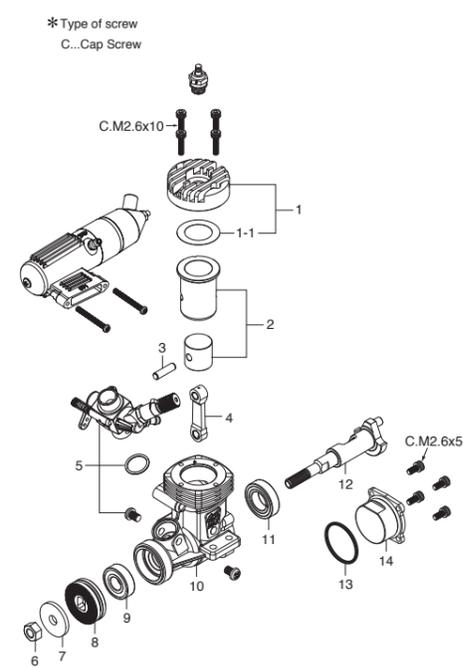
- When the engine is not to be used for some months (for example, as between flying seasons), a worthwhile precaution is to remove it from the airframe and, after washing off the exterior with alcohol (not gasoline nor kerosene), remove carefully the carburetor, glow plug and all silicone tubing and put them safely aside. Then, immerse the engine in a container of alcohol. Rotate the crankshaft while the engine is immersed. If foreign matter is visible in the alcohol, rinse the engine again in clean alcohol. Finally, shake off and dry the alcohol, and inject some after-run oil in the glowplug hole and rotate the crankshaft several times by hand.

Reinstall the carburetor and glowplug on the engine and keep it in a dry place after putting in a vinyl bag.

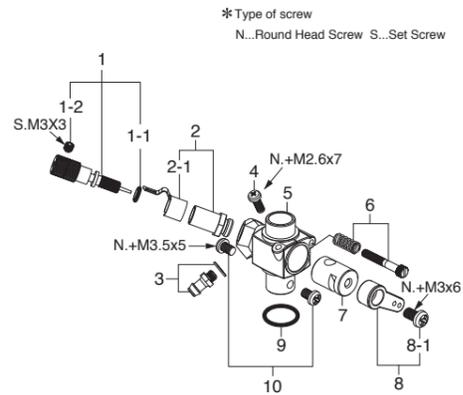
### O.S. GENUINE PARTS & ACCESSORIES

- O.S.GLOW PLUG**
  - No.6 (Fomer A3) (71605300)
  - No.7 (71607100) • No.8 (71608001)
- RADIAL MOTOR MOUNT** (71909410)
- SPINNER NUT M5** (20824005)
- NEEDLE VALVE EXTENSION CABLE SET** (72200080)
- SILENCER EXTENSION ADAPTORS** (21125108)
- NON-BUBBLE WEIGHT (S)** (71531010)
- SUPER FILTER (L)** (72403050)
- FANG NUT M3** (79870031) (6pcs./sets)
- LOCK WASHER M3** (55500002) (10sets)
- LONG SOCKET WRENCH WITH PLUG GRIP** (71521000)

### ENGINE EXPLODED VIEW & PARTS LIST



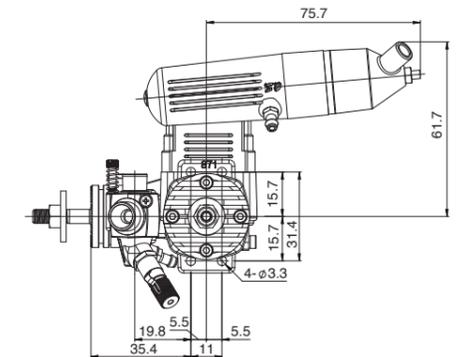
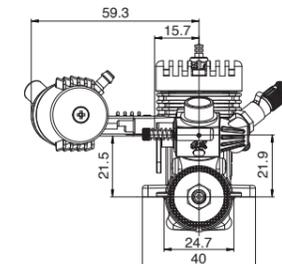
### CARBURETTOR EXPLODED VIEW & PARTS LIST



### THREE VIEW DRAWING Dimensions(mm)

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Displacement	1.79 cc / 0.109 cu.in.
Bore	13.44 mm / 0.529 in.
Stroke	12.65 mm / 0.498 in.
Output	0.28 ps / 0.28 hp / 17,000 r.p.m.
Practical R.P.M.	2,500-17,000 r.p.m.
Weight	161.0 g / 5.68 oz. (Engine) 37.0 g / 1.31 oz. (Silencer)



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