O.S.EUGIUE 2-stroke engine for airplane MAX-55AX

anyone else to smoke, near to it.

A weakened or loose propeller may disintegrate or

be thrown off and, since propeller tip speeds with

powerful engines may exceed 600 feet(180 metres)

per second, it will be understood that such a

failure could result in serious injury, (see 'NOTES'

Never operate your engine in an enclosed space.

Model engines, like automobile engines, exhaust

deadly carbon-monoxide. Run your engine only in

• This engine was designed for model aircraft. Do not

Mount the engine in your model securely, following.

the manufacturers' recommendations, using appro-

• Be sure to use the silencer (muffler) supplied with the

engine. Frequent exposure to an open exhaust may

eventually impair your hearing. Such noise is also

likely to cause annovance to others over a wide area.

• If you remove the glowplug from the engine and

check its condition by connecting the battery leads to

it, do not hold the plug with bare fingers. Use an

• Install a top-quality propeller of the diameter and pitch

specified for the engine and aircraft. Locate the

propeller on the shaft so that the curved face of the

blades faces forward-i.e. in the direction of flight. Firmly

tighten the propeller nut, using the correct size wrench.

• Always check the tightness of the propeller nut and

retighten it, if necessary, before restarting the engine.

Also, check the tightness of all the screws and nuts

• E-3071 Silencer Assembly

(M3x35 2pcs.)

Silencer Retaining Screw

Glowplug

Ream Mount

Crankcase

Drive Hub

It is suggested to use as heavy and rigid as possible

engine mounting for highest performance and safe

running. Install the engine on a plastic mount using at

least 3mm steel screws, such as Allen type, with

locknuts, for bolting the engine to the bearers.

Propeller washer

appropriate tool or a folded piece of cloth

result in a serious burn.

section relating to propeller safety).

attempt to use it for any other purpose.

priate screws and locknuts.

before restarting the engine.

STANDARD ACCESSORIES

Needle Valve

Extension Cable Set

■ BASIC ENGINE PARTS

Cylinder head

Carburetor

Type 40K

Propeller nut

Crankshaft

■ INSTALLATION

an open area.

⚠ NOTES

Model engines generate considerable

heat. Do not touch any part of your

engine until it has cooled. Contact with

the muffler (silencer), cylinder head or

exhaust header pipe, in particular, may

It is of vital importance, before attempting to operate your engine, to read the general 'SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS AND WARNINGS' in the following section and to strictly adhere to the advice contained

instruction manual, so as to familiarize yourself with the controls and other features of the engine.

highly efficient internal-combustion machine whose power is capable of harming you, or others, if it is misused.

are also passed on to its new owner.

headings according to the degree of damage or

(in extreme circumstances, even fatal) injury.

generally less obvious sources of danger, but which, under certain circumstances, may also cause damage or injury.





Model engine fuel is poisonous. Do not

- Model engine fuel is also highly flammable. made product and that the slots for the propeller blades Keep it away from open flame, excessive heat, sources of sparks, or anything else do not cut into the blade roots and weaken them which might ignite it. Do not smoke or allow
 - safety glasses is also strongly recommended.
 - Never attempt to repair such a propeller: destroy it. competition work such as pylon-racing.
 - Take care that the glow plug clip or battery leads do linkage could also foul the propeller.
 - After starting the engine, carry out any needle-valve readjustments from a safe position behind the rotating propeller. Stop the engine before attempting to make other adjustments to the carburetor
 - when the throttle stick and trim lever on the transmitter are fully retarded. Alternatively, the engine may be stopped by cutting off the fuel supply. Never try to stop the engine physically
 - scarves, etc.)do not come into contact with the propeller. Do not carry loose objects (such as pencils, screwdrivers, etc.) in a shirt pocket from where they could fall through the propeller arc.
 - gravel or sand. The propeller may throw such material in your face and eyes and cause injury.
 - from you and walk well clear of spectators.
 - wish to avoid the risk of a painfully rapped knuckle!
 - accurately aligned and firmly integrated with the airframe, reinforcing the adjacent structure to absorb vibration. Use 4mm or larger steel screws, preferably Allen type hexagon socket head cap screws, with washers and locknuts, for bolting the

No.71913100) is available, as an optional extra, for use where firewall type mounting is required.

■ THROTTLE LINKAGE

that the throttle arm and linkage safely clear any adjacent part of the airframe structure, etc., as the throttle is opened and closed. Connect the linkage so that the throttle is fully closed when the transmitter throttle stick and its trim lever are at their lowest settings and fully open when the throttle stick is in its fully-open position. Carefully align the appropriate holes in the throttle arm and servo horn so that they move symmetrically and smoothly through their full travel.

Secure the silencer to the engine by means of two retaining screws supplied after the engine is securely mounted to a test bench or a model.

any desired position in the following manner

- 1) Loosen the locknut and assembly screw
- 2) Set the exhaust outlet at the required position by rotating

Note on silicone sealant

When applying silicone sealant to the engine's exhaust, do not over apply as the excess sealant may get into the engine's internal parts and possibly foul the glowplug causing the engine to quit or experience abnormal engine operation. If this happens, remove the head, clean out the sealant, and replace the glowplug.



■ FUEL

The 55AX should be operated on a methanol based fuel containing not less than 18% (volumetric) castor oil, or a top quality synthetic lubricant (or a mixture of both), plus a small percentage (5-20%) of nitromethane for improved flexibility and power. (The carburetor is adjusted a little on the rich side at the factory for a fuel containing 20% lubricant and 15% nitromethane.) Some commercial fuels also contain coloring additives as an aid to fuel level visibility. In some cases, these additives have indicated slightly negative effects on the performance. We would suggest that you use such fuels only if you are satisfied that they do not adversely affect running qualities when compared with familiar standard fuels. When changing to a fuel brand or formula that is different from the one to which you are accustomed, it is a wise precaution to temporarily revert to in-flight running-in

procedures, until you are sure that the engine is running entirely satisfactorily.

■ Glow Plug

O.S. No.8 glowplug is supplied with the engine.

■ PROPELLERS

The choice of propeller depends on the design and weight of the aircraft and the type of flying in which you will be engaged. Determine the best size and type after practical experimentation. As a starting point, refer to the props listed in the accompanying table. Slightly larger, or even slightly smaller, props than those shown in the table may be used, but remember that the propeller noise will increase, due to higher rpm or if a larger-diameter/lower-pitched prop is used.

Sport | 12x7-8, 13x6-7

Warning:

Make sure that the propeller is well balanced. An unbalanced propeller and/or spinner can cause serious vibration which may weaken parts of the airframe or affect the safety of the radio-controlled system.

■ Spinner

Since the engine is intended to be started with an electric starter, the addition of a spinner assembly for centering the starter sleeve is desirable. Use a heavyduty, well balanced spinner either of metal or plastic.

■ Fuel Tank

A fuel tank of approximately 350cc capacity is suggested. This allows around 10-12 minutes flying time, dependent upon the type of fuel used, the size of propeller and on the amount of fullthrottle to part-throttle operation throughout the flight.

■ FUEL TANK LOCATION

 Make sure that the tank is well rinsed out with methanol or glow fuel before installation and that the pickup weight is well clear of the bottom of the tank when held vertically

 Be sure to use a pressurized fuel system by connecting the muffler pressure nipple to the vent-pipe of the fuel tank.

Attention to tank height Locate the fuel tank as close to the engine as possible to minimize fuel level pressure variation. For Silencer Carburetor Center Line · Approx Plug (commercially available) Approx. 10mm

■ Electric Starter and Starter Battery Required when starting the engine.

Electric Starte

12-Volt lead-acid batter

Alternatively, one of the purpose-made

to transfer fuel directly from your fuel

Commercialy available handy glowplug

heater in which the glowplug battery and

Install a filter on the outlet tube of your refueling

tank. O.S. 'Super Filters' (large and small) are

To prevent the pickup from adhering to the tank

wall under suction and restricting fuel flow,

slots may be filed I the end of the weight.

Alternatively, O.S. Non-Bubble Weight is

It is recommended to install a good in-line filter

● Long Socket Wrench With Plug Grip

Wrench incorporates a special grip.

between the fuel tank and carburetor to prevent entry of foreign matter into the corburator.

• O.S. SPEED Silicone Fuel Line (optional extra)

The connection between the fuel tank and the engine.

Recommended for easy removal and replacement of the

angled and recessed glowplug, the O.S.Long Socket

Two mixture controls are provided on this

When set to produce maximum power at full throttle.

this establishes the basic fuel/air mixture strength.

The correct mixture is then maintained by the

carburetor's built-in automatic mixture control

system to cover the engine's requirements at

This meters fuel flow at part-throttle and idling

speeds to ensure reliable operation as the throttle is

opened and closed. The Mixture Control Valve is

factory set for the approximate best result. First run

the engine as received and readjust the Mixture Control

Mixture Control Valve

Needle Valve

8mm 🗐 🚜

container to prevent entry of foreign matter into fuel tank O.S. 'Super Filters' (large and small) are

• O.S. Super Filter (Fuel Can Filter)

manual or electric fuel pumps may be used Electric

■ REFORE STARTING

container to the fuel tank.

battery leads are integrated.

available as optional extras.

O.S. Non-Bubble Weight

available as an optional extra.

ID. 2.5mm Length 1000mm

■ MIXTURE CONTROLS

reduced throttle settings.

Screw only if necessary.

The Mixture Control Valve

• The Needle Valve

Carburetor.

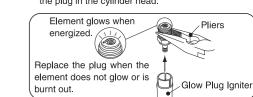
Fuel Filter

GlowPlug Igniter

• Fuel Pump

Be sure to use an electric starter to start the engine. Starting procedure is as follows:

- 1. Fill the fuel tank with fuel. When filled, prevent fuel flowing into the carburetor with a commercially available fuel stopper, etc. Release the stopper before starting the engine.
- 2. Make sure that plug element glows red, and install the plug in the cylinder head.



3. Check that the needle-valve is closed. (Do not overtighten.) Now open the needle-valve counterclockwise 2-2.5 turns to the starting setting.

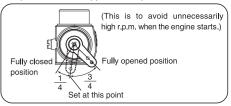


■ STARTING

Turn needle-valve clockwise to close Close (for leaner mixture)

Turn needle-valve counter-clockwise to open (for richer mixture)

4. Open the throttle approx. one-quarter.



- 5. Apply the starter and press the starter switch for 5-6 seconds to prime the engine.
- 6. Connect battery leads to glowplug.
- 7. Bring electric starter into contact with spinner-nut or spinner and depress starter switch for one or two seconds. Repeat if necessary. When the engine starts, withdraw the starter immediately.

Do not choke the carburetor air intake when applying the starter. This could cause an excessive amount of fuel to be drawn into the cylinder which may initiate a hydraulic lock and damage the engine

VERY IMPORTANT!

Before being operated at full power (i.e. at full-throttle and with the needle-valve closed to its optimum setting) the engine must be adequately run-in, otherwise there is a danger of it becoming overheated and damaged.

How to stop the engine

Pull down the throttle lever and trim lever on the transmitter fully.

■ RUNNING-IN ("Breaking-in")

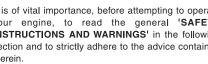
All internal-combustion engines benefit from extra care when they are run for the first few timesknown as running-in or breaking-in.

This allows the working parts to mate together under load at operating temperature. Therefore, it is vitally important to complete the break-in before allowing the engine to run continuously at high speed and before finalizing carburetor adjustments.

However, because O.S. engines are produced with the aid of the finest modern precision machinery and from the best and most suitable materials, only a short and simple running-in procedure is called for and can be carried out with the engine installed in the model.

The process is as follows:

1. Install the engine with the propeller intended for your model. Open the needle-valve to the advised starting setting and start the engine. If the engine stops when the glow plug battery is disconnected, open the needle-valve to the point where the engine does not stop.Run the engine for one minute with the throttle fully open, but with the needle-valve adjusted for rich, slow "four-cycle" operation.



• Also, please study the entire contents of this

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS AND WARNINGS ABOUT YOUR O.S. ENGINE

Remember that your engine is not a "toy", but a

As owner, you, alone, are responsible for the safe operation of your engine, so act with discretion and care at all times. If at some future date, your O.S. engine is acquired by another person, we would respectfully request that these instructions

■The advice which follows is grouped under two danger which might arise through misuse or neglect.

⚠WARNINGS

These cover events which might involve serious

⚠ NOTES

These cover the many other possibilities,

↑ WARNINGS



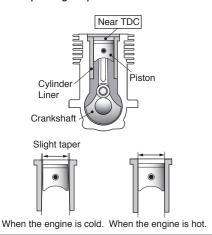
Never touch, or allow any object to come into contact with, the rotating propeller and do not crouch over the engine when it is running.



allow it to come into contact with the eyes or mouth. Always store it in a clearly marked container and out of the reach of children.

ENGINE CONSTRUCTION

With this engine, the piston will feel tight at the top of its stroke (TDC) when the engine is cold. This is normal. The cylinder bore has a slight taper. The piston and cylinder are designed to achieve a perfect running clearance when they reach operating temperature.



■ ABOUT THE ENGINE

- This is a high performance two stroke engine designed for sport and aerobatic models.
- The 40K carburetor needlevalve assembly has now been angled backward for safety.
- New E-3071 silencer (POWER BOX) develops very effective muffling. Also, the compact body enables it to be fit within most cowls.

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

- If you install a spinner, make sure that it is a precision
- Preferably, use an electric starter. The wearing of
- · Discard any propeller which has become split, cracked, nicked or otherwise rendered unsafe. Do not modify a propeller in any way, unless you are highly experienced in tuning propellers for specialized
- not come into contact with the propeller. Also check the linkage to the throttle arm. A disconnected
- Adjust the throttle linkage so that the engine stops
- Take care that loose clothing (ties, shirt sleeves,
- Do not start your engine in an area containing loose
- For their safety, keep all onlookers (especially small children) well back (at least 20 feet or 6 meters) when preparing your model for flight. If you have to carry the model to the take-off point with the engine running, be especially cautious. Keep the propeller pointed away
- Warning! Immediately after a glowplug-ignition engine has been run and is still warm, conditions sometimes exist whereby it is just possible for the engine to abruptly restart if the propeller is casually flipped over compression WITHOUT the alowplug battery being reconnected. Remember this if you

 Make sure that these mounting beams are engine to the bearers.

O.S. Radial Motor Mount

A special O.S. radial motor mount (Code

Before connecting the throttle to its servo, make sure

■ INSTALLING SILENCER

The exhaust outlet of the silencer can be rotated to

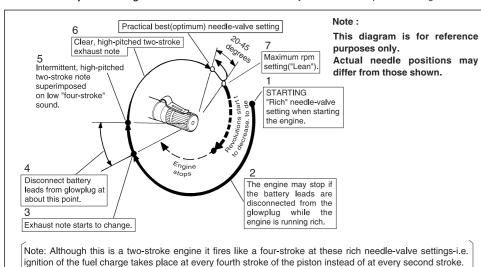
- the rear part of the silencer.
- 3) Re-tighten the assembly screw, followed by the locknut.

- 2. Now close the needle-valve until the engine speeds up to "two-cycle"operation and allow it to run for about 10 seconds, then reopen the needle-valve to bring the engine back to "four-cycle"operation and run it for another 10 seconds. Repeat this procedure until the fuel tank is empty.
- Re-start and adjust the needle-valve so that the engine just breaks into "two-cycle" from "four-cycle" operation, then make three or four flights, avoiding successive "nose-up" flights.

Optimum needle setting (1)

Slowly advance the throttle to its fully open position, then gradually close the needle-valve until the exhaust note begins to change. (4-cycle to 2-cycle)

Needle-valve adjustment diagram



■ MIXTURE CONTROL VALVE ADJUSTMENT

With the engine running, close the throttle and allow it to idle for about five seconds, then open the throttle fully. If, at this point, the engine is slow to pick up and produces an excess of exhaust smoke, the mixture is too rich. Correct this condition by turning the Mixture Control Screw clockwise 15-30 degrees. If the mixture is excessively rich, engine rpm will become unstable: opening the throttle will produce a great deal of smoke and rpm may drop suddenly or the engine may stop. This condition may also be initiated by excessively prolonged idling.

If,on the other hand, the mixture is too lean, this will be indicated by a marked lack of exhaust smoke and a tendency for the engine to cut out when the throttle is opened. In this case, turn the Mixture Control Screw counter-clockwise 90 degrees to positively enrich the idle mixture, then turn the screw clockwise gradually until the engine regains full power cleanly when the throttle is reopened. Carry out adjustments patiently until the engine responds quickly and positively to the throttle control.

Note: Mixture Control Valve adjustments should be made in steps of 15-30° initially, carefully checking the effect, on throttle response, of each small adjustment.

Optimum needle setting (2) As the needle-valve is closed

warms up

As the needle-valve is closed slowly and gradually, the engine r.p.m. will increase and a continuous highpitched exhaust note, only, will be heard. Close the needle-valve 10-15 degrees and wait for the change of r.p.m. After the engine r.p.m. increases turn the needle-valve another 10-15 degrees and wait for the next change of r.p.m. As the speed of the engine does not instantly change with needle-valve readjustment, small movements, with pauses between, are necessary to arrive at the optimum setting.

4. During subsequent flights, the needle-valve can be

gradually closed to give more power. However, if

the engine shows signs of running too lean, the next

flight should be set richer. After a total of ten flights,

the engine should run continuously, on its optimum

needle-valve setting, without loss of power as it

5. After the completion of the running-in adjust the

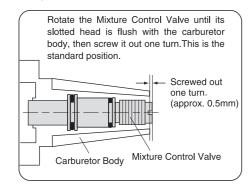
SUBSEQUENT READJUSTMENT section.

carburetor at optimum setting referring to MIXTURE

CONTROL VALVE ADJUSTMENT section and

■ REALIGNMENT OF MIXTURE CONTROL VALVE

In the course of making carburetor adjustments, it is just possible that the Mixture Control Valve may be inadvertently screwed in or out too far and thereby moved beyond its effective adjustment range. The basic position can be found in the sketch shown below.



• When the engine is not to be used for some months (for example, as between flying seasons), a worthwhile precaution is to remove it from the airframe and, after washing off the exterior with alcohol (not gasoline nor kerosene), remove carefully the carburetor, glow plug and all silicone tubing and put them safely aside. Then, immerse the engine in a container of alcohol. Rotate the crankshaft while the engine is immersed. If foreign matter is visible in the alcohol, rinse the engine again in clean alcohol. Finally, shake off and dry the alcohol and inject some after-run oil in the glowplug hole and rotate the crankshaft several times by hand.

Reinstall the carburetor and glowplug on the engine and keep it in a dry place after putting in a vinyl bag.

■ CARE AND MAINTENANCE

Please pay attention to the matters described below to ensure that your engine serves you well in regard to performance, reliability and long life.

- As previously mentioned, it is vitally important to avoid operating the engine in conditions where dust, disturbed by the propeller, may be deposited on the engine and enter its working parts.
- Remember to keep your fuel container closed to prevent foreign matter from contaminating the fuel.
- Install a fuel filter to prevent dirt and dust in the fuel container from entering the fuel tank. O.S. Super Filters (L) and (S) are available as optional extras.
- Install an in-line fuel filter between the tank and carburetor to prevent dirt and dust in the tank from entering the carburetor.
- · Clean these filters periodically
- If these precautions are neglected, restriction of fuel flow may cause the engine to cut out, or the fuel/air mixture to become too lean causing the engine to overheat.
- The use of modern high-performance alcohol based model engine fuels, while promoting cooler running, improved anti-detonation combustion and increased power, have the disadvantage of causing corrosion due to the acid by-products of combustion. The use of nitromethane in the fuel can also contribute to the problem.
- Do not close the needlevalve and mixture control valve too far as this will cause a lean setting and over heating of the engine. This can, in turn, create nitromethane oxide leading to internal rusting of the engine. Always adjust the needlevalve slightly on the rich side of peak rpm.
- Do not leave unused fuel in the engine at the conclusion of a day's flying. Accepted practice is to cut off the fuel supply while the engine is still running at full throttle, then expel as much fuel residue as possible by turning the engine over 5-10 seconds with the electric starter. Finally, inject some after-run oil through the glowplug hole and turn the engine over several times by hand.

■ O.S. GENUINE PARTS & ACCESSORIES

RADIAL MOTOR MOUNT
 (71913100)

• O.S.GLOW PLUG

- No.8 (71608001)
- No.10 (Fomer A5) (71607100)
- PROPELLER NUT SETS FOR 2C SPINNER 1/4"-M5 (73101020)

SPINNER NUT

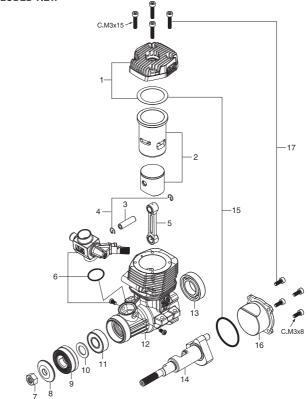
1/4"-28 (L) (23024009)

- SILENCER EXTENSION ADAPTORS (25425600)
- LONG PROPELLER NUT SETS 1/4"-28 (73101000)
- SUPER FILTER (L) (72403050)
- NON-BUBBLE WEIGHT (71531000)
- NON-BUBBLE WEIGHT (S) (71531010)
- FANG NUTS (6pcs./sets)
 M3 (79870031)
- LOCK WASHER (10sets)
 M3 (55500002)
- O.S. SPEED SILICONE FUEL LINE (72506100) 2.5mm x 1000mm
- LONG SOCKET WRENCH WITH PLUG GRIP (71521000)

The specifications are subject to alteration for improvement without notice.

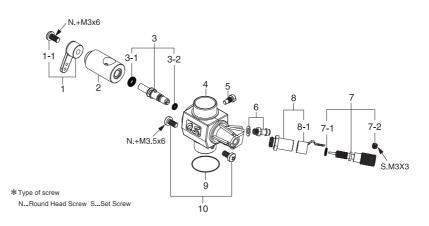
■ ENGINE EXPLODED VIEW

*Type of screw
C...Cap Screw



| ١o. | Code No. | Description |
|-----|----------|--|
| 1 | 25704000 | Cylinder Head |
| 2 | 25703000 | Cylinder & Piston Assembly |
| 3 | 25206000 | Piston Pin |
| 4 | 25217000 | Piston Pin Retainer (2pcs.) |
| 5 | 25205000 | Connecting Rod |
| 6 | 24681010 | Carburetor Complete (Type 40K) |
| 7 | 23210007 | Propeller Nut (1/4-28) |
| 8 | 23209003 | Propeller Washer |
| 9 | 24608020 | Drive Hub |
| 10 | 46120000 | Thrust Washer |
| 11 | 26731002 | Crankshaft Ball Bearing (F) |
| 12 | 25701000 | Crankcase |
| 13 | 25830010 | Crankshaft Ball Bearing (R) |
| 14 | 25702000 | Crankshaft |
| 15 | 25714000 | Gasket Set |
| 16 | 25707000 | Cover Plate |
| 17 | 24613000 | Screw Set |
| | 71608001 | Glow Plug No.8 |
| | 72200080 | Needle Valve Extension Cable Set |
| | 24625211 | E-3071 Silencer Assembly |
| | 24625125 | "O" Ring |
| | 25625300 | Assembly Screw |
| | 22681957 | Pressure Nipple (No.7) |
| | 25425400 | Silencer Retaining Screw (C.M3x35 2pcs.) |

■ CARBURETOR EXPLODED VIEW



■ CARBURETOR PARTS LIST

| No. | Code No. | Description |
|-----|----------|--------------------------------|
| 1 | 22081408 | Throttle Lever Assembly |
| 1-1 | 22081313 | Throttle Lever Retaining Screw |
| 2 | 24681210 | Carburetor Rotor |
| 3 | 25781600 | Mixture Control Valve Assembly |
| 3-1 | 46066319 | "O" Ring (L) (2pcs.) |
| 3-2 | 22781800 | "O" Ring (S) (2pcs.) |
| 4 | 24681110 | Carburetor Body (40K) |
| 5 | 45581820 | Roter Guide Screw |
| 6 | 22681953 | Fuel Inlet (No.1) |
| 7 | 44281970 | Needle Assembly |
| 7-1 | 24981837 | "O" Ring (2pcs.) |
| 7-2 | 26381501 | Set Screw |
| 8 | 27381940 | Needle-valve Holder Assembly |
| 8-1 | 26711305 | Ratchet Spring (No.4) |
| 9 | 46215000 | Carburetor Rubber Gasket |
| 10 | 25081700 | Carburetor Retaining Screw |

The specifications are subject to alteration for improvement without notice.

■ THREE VIEW DRAWING Dimensions(mm)

SPECIFICATIONS

■ Displacement
■ Bore
■ Stroke

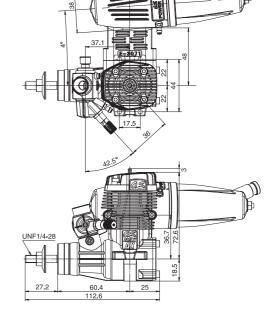
■ Displacement
■ 8.93 cc / 0.545 cu.in.
23.0 mm / 0.906 in.
21.5 mm / 0.846 in.

21.5 mm / 0.846 in. 1.7 ps / 1.68 hp / 16.000r.p.m.

108 a / 3.81 oz. (Silencer)

Output
 Practical R.P.M.
 Weight
 1.7 ps / 1.68 hp / 16.000r.g
 2,000-17,000 r.p.m.
 404 g / 14.25 oz. (Engine)

21



G.S. ENGINES MFG.CO.,LTD.

6-15 3-Chome Imagawa Higashisumiyoshi-ku Osaka 546-0003, Japan TEL. (06) 6702-0225 http://www.os-engines.co.jp FAX. (06) 6704-2722

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